

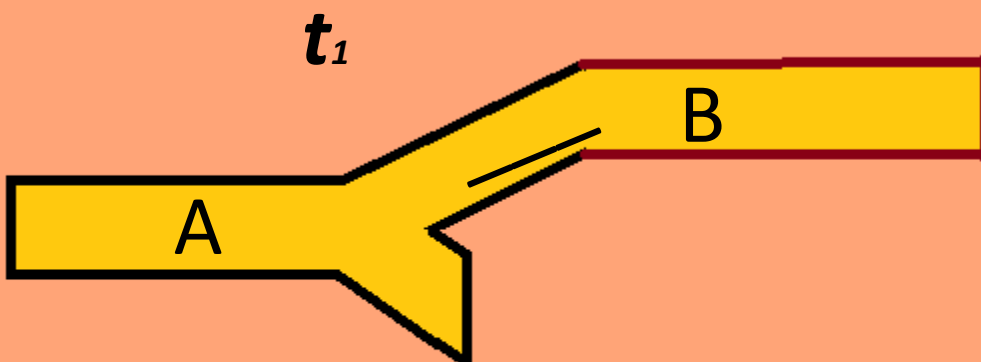
## Cerebral Fission

Examine the cases of permanent division without branching, and permanent division with branching. Do so from the three philosophical perspectives of:

- The advocate of the brain criterion  
Person A is identical to person B if and only if persons A and B share enough of the same brain to both be thinking persons
- The Cartesian  
Person A is identical to person B if and only if persons A and B are the same immaterial thinking subject
- The neo-Lockean  
Person A is identical to person B if and only if person A is part of the same overlapping stream of memories, beliefs, intentions, and character traits as person B

Fill in the blanks with =, ≠, or both (if the perspective gives contradictory results).

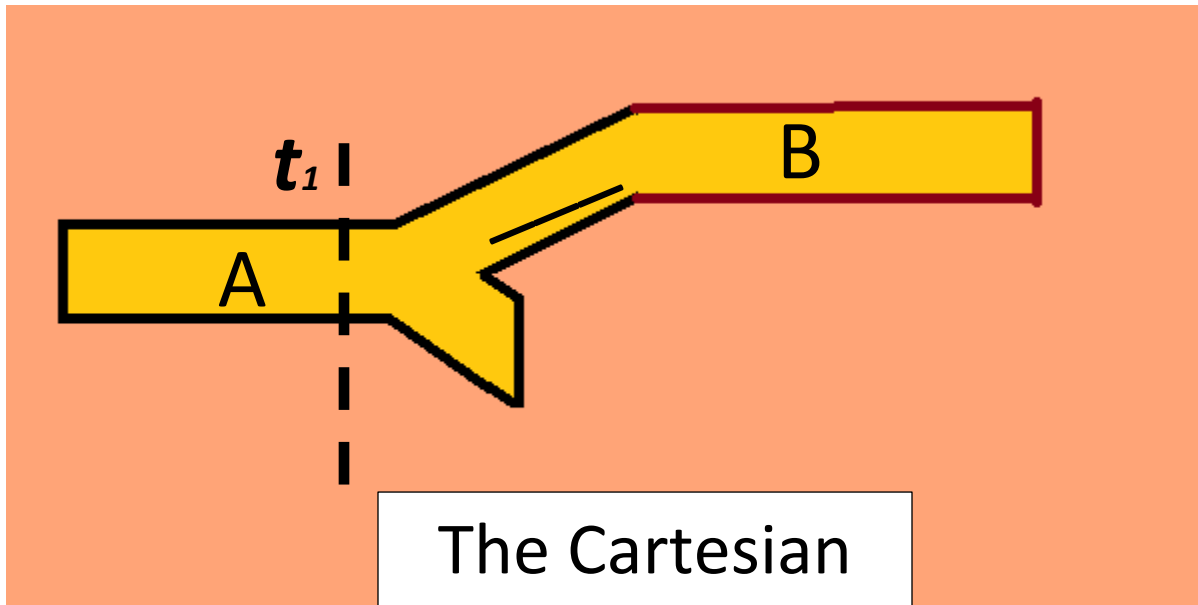
- I. Permanent Division without Branching
  - a.



Advocate of the Brain Criterion

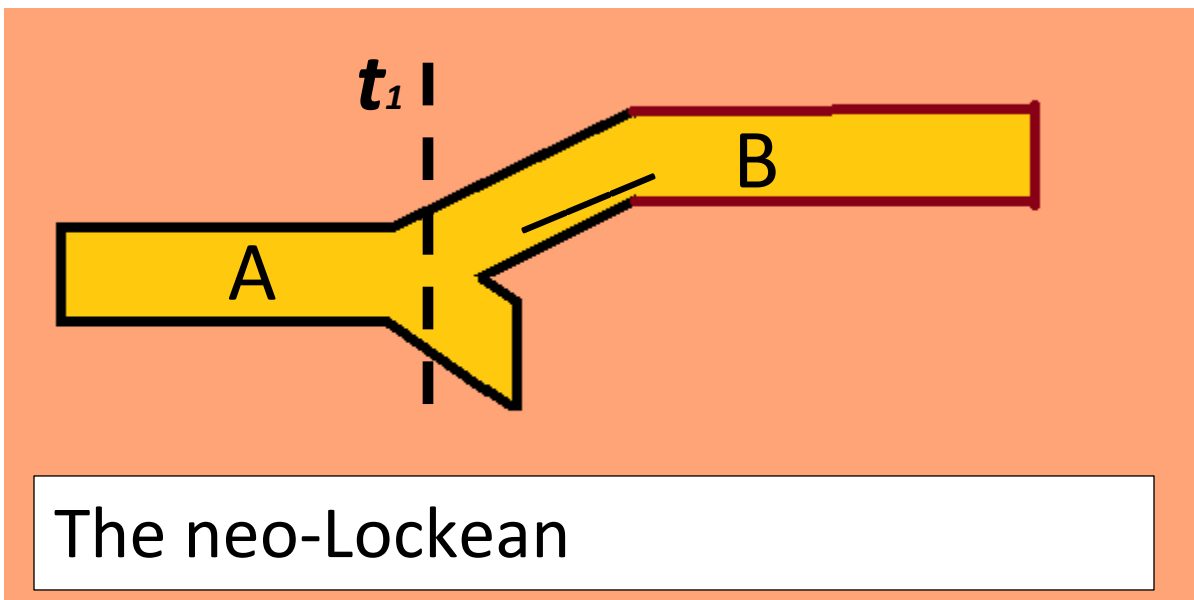
Explain your results:

b.



Explain your results:

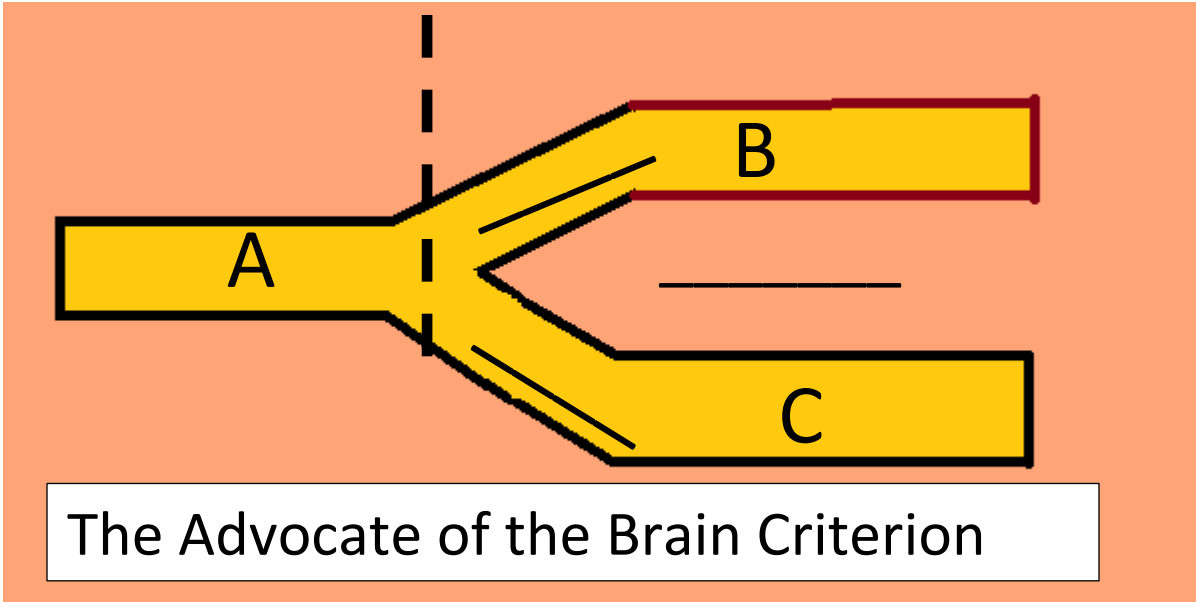
c.



Explain your results:

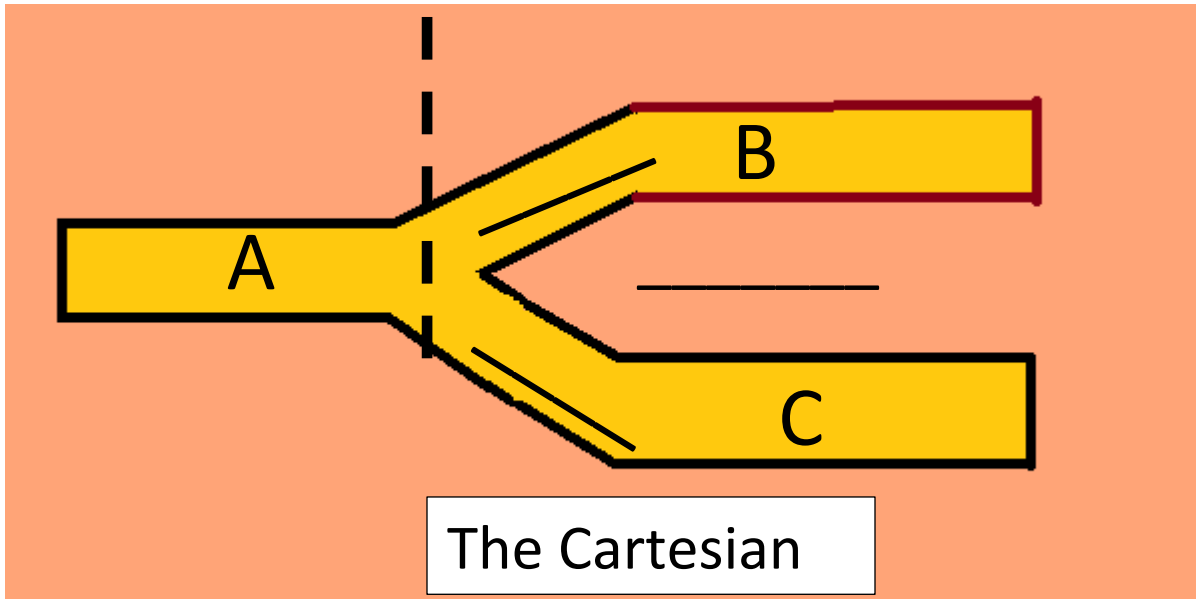
II. Permanent Division with Branching

a.  $t_1$



Explain your results:

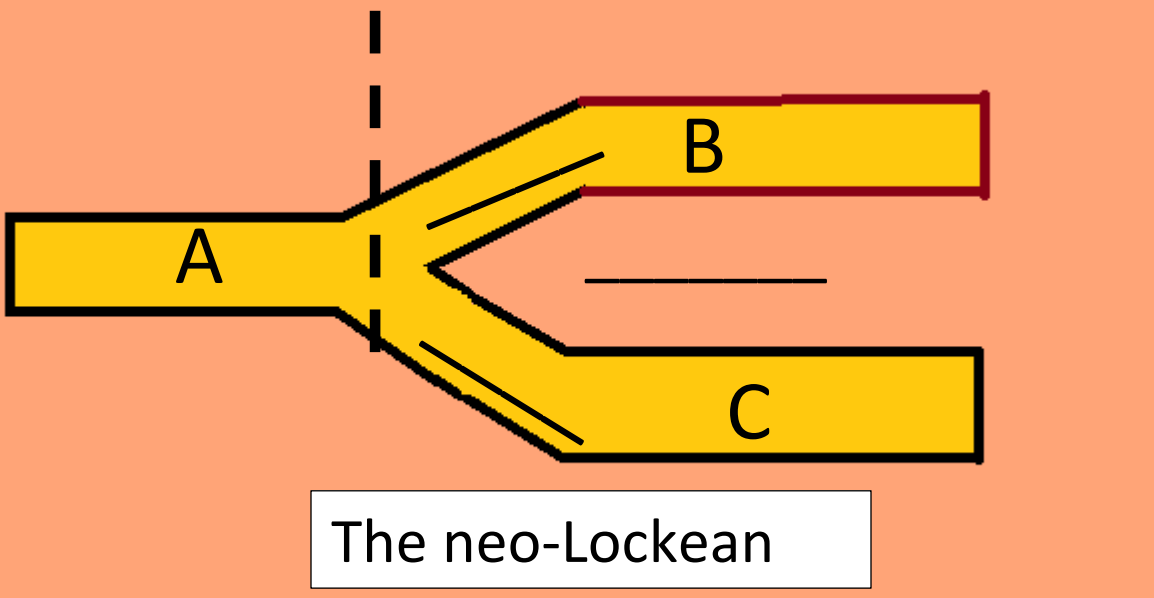
b.  $t_1$



Explain your results:

c.

$t_1$



Explain your results: